

Homework Exercises #9-#10

1. Find the value of $(f \circ g)'$ when

$$f(u) = \left(\frac{u-1}{u+1} \right)^2, \quad u = g(x) = \frac{1}{x^2}, \quad x = -1.$$

2. Suppose that the radius of a soap bubble is 10 cm and increasing smoothly (that is, the radius is a differentiable function of time) at the rate of 1/2 cm/sec. How fast is the volume changing?
3. Assume that each of the equations below defines y as a differentiable function of x in a planar neighborhood of (that is, in a small enough disc around) the given point (x_0, y_0) . Check that the point satisfies the equation, so it is really a point on the graph of the implicit function. Find the derivative dy/dx by implicit differentiation and then find the equation of the tangent to the curve at (x_0, y_0) . (The tangent line gives the standard linear approximation to the function even when it is difficult or impossible to express y as an explicit elementary function of x .)

(a) $x^3 - xy + y^3 = 1$ $x_0 = 1$, $y_0 = 1$.

(b) $x^2 - y^2 + y^4 = 0$ $x_0 = \sqrt{3}/4$, $y_0 = \sqrt{3}/2$;
also, $x_0 = \sqrt{3}/4$, $y_0 = 1/2$. (See the figure-eight-shaped curve in Calculus 3.6, Exercise 41.)

(c) $x + \sin y = \frac{3}{\pi}xy$ $x_0 = 2$, $y_0 = \frac{\pi}{2}$.

4. Find the linearization $L(x)$ of the given function at the given point x_0 . Use this approximation to evaluate the given quantity and compare the result to the value obtained by calculator; compute the error.

(a) $f(x) = \sin x$, $x_0 = 0$, $\sin 0.1$.

(b) $f(x) = \sqrt{1+x}$, $x_0 = 0$, $\sqrt{1.008}$.

(c) $f(x) = (1+x)^{10}$, $x_0 = 0$, 1.01^{10} .

(d) $f(x) = \frac{1}{1+x}$, $x_0 = 0$, $\frac{1}{1.02}$.

5. Assume the power rule for the function $f(x) = (1+x)^\alpha$ with any fixed real number α . Show that the linearization at $x_0 = 0$ is $L(x) = 1 + \alpha x$. Compare it to (b), (c), and (d) of the previous problem .

6. (a) About how accurately must the interior diameter of a 10-m-high cylindrical tank be measured to calculate the tank's volume to within 1% of its true value?
- (b) About how accurately must the tank's exterior diameter be measured to calculate the amount of the paint it will take to paint the side of the tank within 5% of the true amount?
7. (Using linearization to solve an equation) Let $f(x) = \sqrt{x} + \sqrt{1+x} - 4$.
- (a) Find $f(3)$ and $f(4)$ to show by the Intermediate Value Theorem that the equation $f(x) = 0$ has a solution in the interval $[3, 4]$.
- (b) To estimate the solution, replace the square roots by their linearization at $x_0 = 3$ and solve the resulting linear equation.
- (c) Check your estimate in the original equation.
8. Ohm's law states that $V = IR$, where V is the voltage, I is the current in amperes, and R is the resistance in ohms. Suppose that V is increasing at the rate of 1 volt/sec while I is decreasing at the rate of $1/3$ amp/sec. Find the rate at which R is changing when $V = 12$ volts and $I = 2$ amp. Is R increasing or decreasing?
9. Two commercial jets at 40,000 ft are flying at 520 mph along straight-line courses that cross at right angles. How fast is the distance between the planes closing when plane A is 5 mi from the intersection point and plane B is 12 mi from the intersection point?
10. Water runs into a conical tank with vertex downward, radius of the top circle is 5ft, height 10 ft, at the rate $9 \text{ ft}^3/\text{min}$. How fast is the level rising when the water is 6 ft deep?
11. Show that the following equations have exactly one solution in the given interval.
- (a) $x^4 + 3x + 1 = 0$, $-2 \leq x \leq -1$.
- (b) $2x - \cos x = 0$, $-\pi \leq x \leq \pi$.
12. Use the Mean Value Theorem to show that for any real numbers a and b , $|\sin b - \sin a| \leq |b - a|$.
13. Suppose that $f'(x) = 1/(1 - x^4)$ for $0 \leq x \leq 0.1$ and $f(0) = 2$. Using the Mean Value Theorem, give an upper and lower estimate for $f(0.1)$.

14. Show that the function $f(x) = x^4 + x - 3$ has a root between -2 and -1 and also between 1 and 2 . Find estimates which are correct to two decimal places of both roots by Newton's method.
15. (Divergence with Newton's method) Apply Newton's method to $f(x) = \sqrt[3]{x}$ with $x_1 = 1$. Show that the resulting sequence $(x_n)_{n=1}^{\infty}$ is divergent. Draw a picture that shows what is going on.
16. (Very slow convergence with Newton's method) Try Newton's method on $f(x) = (x - 1)^{40}$ with starting value $x_1 = 2$. Draw a picture that shows what is going on.
17. Find the domain, intercepts, asymptotes, intervals of rise and fall and concavity, and extrema of the following functions. Make a summary table (chart) and draw the graph.
- $f(x) = x^3 - 6x^2 + 9x + 1$;
 - $f(x) = x - \cos x, \quad -\pi \leq x \leq \pi$;
 - $f(x) = \frac{x^2 - 4}{x^2 - 2}$;
 - $f(x) = \frac{x^2 - x + 1}{x - 1}$.
18. What are the dimensions of the lightest open-top right circular cylindrical can that will hold a volume of 1000 cm^3 ?
19. Fermat's principle in optics states that light always travels from one point to another along a path that minimizes the travel time. Show that for the light to obey Fermat's principle, the angle of incidence must equal the angle of reflection. (Hint: A geometric proof is very simple, but try to give an analytic proof as well.)