Stochastic differential equations TU Budapest, spring semester 2019 Imre Péter Tóth Final exam, 12.06.2019 Working time: 90 minutes

In this exercise sheet, "Brownian motion" is used as a synonym of "Wiener process". B(t) denotes a standard 1-dimensional Brownian motion, and  $\mathcal{F}_t$  is the filtration generated by B(t).

1. (10 points) Let  $b : \mathbb{R} \to \mathbb{R}$  and  $\sigma : \mathbb{R} \to \mathbb{R}$  be Lipschitz continuous with Lipschitz constant C. (This means that  $|b(y) - b(x)| \leq C|y - x|$  and  $|\sigma(y) - \sigma(x)| \leq C|y - x|$  for every  $x, y \in \mathbb{R}$ .) Assume that  $X(t), Y(t), \tilde{X}(t), \tilde{Y}(t)$  are processes adapted to  $\mathcal{F}_t$  such that

$$\tilde{X}(t) = \int_0^t b(X(s)) \,\mathrm{d}s + \int_0^t \sigma(X(s)) \,\mathrm{d}B(s),$$
$$\tilde{Y}(t) = \int_0^t b(Y(s)) \,\mathrm{d}s + \int_0^t \sigma(Y(s)) \,\mathrm{d}B(s).$$

Show that, for every  $t \in [0, 1]$ 

$$\mathbb{E}\left[\left(\tilde{Y}(t) - \tilde{X}(t)\right)^2\right] \le 4C^2 \int_0^t \mathbb{E}\left[\left(Y(s) - X(s)\right)^2\right] \,\mathrm{d}s.$$

2. (10 points) Find explicitly the strong solution of the stochastic differential equation

$$dX(t) = 3(X(t))^{\frac{1}{3}} dt + 3(X(t))^{\frac{2}{3}} dB(t) , \quad X(0) = 2.$$

(*Hint: consider*  $Y(t) = (X(t))^{\frac{1}{3}}$ .)

3. Let X(t) be the strong solution of the stochastic differential equation

$$dX(t) = X^{3}(t) dt + X^{2}(t) dB(t) , \quad X(0) = x > 0.$$

- a.) (5 points) Find the infinitesimal generator A of the diffusion process X(t).
- b.) (5 points) Check that the function  $f(x) = \frac{1}{x}$  is a solution of the differential equation Af = 0.
- c.) (5 points) For  $y \in \mathbb{R}$  let  $\tau_y = \inf\{t \ge 0 : X(t) = y\}$ . Calculate  $\mathbb{P}_x(\tau_a < \tau_b)$  for every  $0 < a < x < b < \infty$ . (You can use without proof that  $\mathbb{E}_x(\min\{\tau_a, \tau_b\}) < \infty$ .)
- d.) (5 points) Calculate  $\mathbb{P}_x(\tau_0 < \infty)$  for every x > 0.
- 4. (10 points) Let X(t) be the strong solution of the stochastic differential equation

$$dX(t) = X^{3}(t) dt + X^{2}(t) dB(t) , \quad X(0) = 2.$$

Let  $\tau = \inf\{t \ge 0 : X(t) = 1 \text{ or } X(t) = 3\}$ . Calculate  $\mathbb{E}\tau$ . (Hint: consider Af where A is the infinitesimal generator of the process X(t) and  $f(x) = \frac{1}{x^2}$ .)